Claims 1-12 are currently pending in this application. The Examiner has

rejected claims 1-12 under 35 U.S.C. §112. The Examiner has rejected claims 1, 5,

9, and 11 under 35 U.S.C. §102. The Examiner has rejected claims 2-4, 6-8, 10 and

12 under 35 U.S.C. §103. In the present reply, the Applicants have canceled claims

5-8 and 11-12 without prejudice and reserve the right to prosecute the canceled

claims in a continuation application, divisional application, or other filing. The

Applicants have amended claims 1 and 9 to more particularly and distinctly claim

the subject matter regarded as the invention. All claim amendments are fully

supported in the specification and/or drawings and no new matter is being

introduced by the amendments.

Double Patenting - Obviousness-type

The Examiner rejected claims 1-12 under the judicially created doctrine of

obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of various

copending Applications.

The Applicants are willing to submit a terminal disclaimer to overcome the

rejections over the claims of the Applications the Examiner cited, if the Examiner

believes the Application is otherwise allowable.

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35 U.S.C. §112 - Claims 1-12

The Examiner rejected claims 1-12 under 35 U.S.C. §112 first paragraph. The Applicants have canceled claims 5-8 and 11-12, and have amended independent claims 1 and 9 to more particularly and distinctly claim the subject matter regarded as the invention. The Applicants respectfully request that the Examiner withdraw the 35 U.S.C. §112 rejection.

35 U.S.C. §102(e) - Claims 1, 5, 9, and 11

The Examiner rejected claims 1, 5, 9, and 11 as being anticipated by Ylitalo et al. (U.S. Reference No. 6,788,661).

The Ylitalo reference discloses an adaptive beam-time coding method and apparatus where a diversity encoder (10) receives an input signal (S_{IN}) which contains a first symbol (S₁) and a second symbol (S₂). The diversity encoder performs an operation on both symbols and outputs S₁ and -S₂* onto a first channel (CH₁) into a complex multiplier (12) and S₂ and S₁* onto a second channel (CH₂) into a complex multiplier (14), which then impart a different spread spectrum code. In the Ylitalo reference, all input signals first go through a diversity encoder where an operation is performed prior to forwarding to the complex multipliers.

There is no disclosure, suggestion, or teaching in the Ylitalo reference that a data field is input into a channelization device without having first been through a

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diversity encoder as is the case for the data field entering the first channelization

device in the Applicants' claimed invention as claimed in amended independent

claim 1, and for the data field entering both the first and second channelization

devices as claimed in amended independent claim 9. Furthermore, there is no

disclosure, teaching or suggestion in the Ylitalo reference that a first channelization

code that spreads a data field is uniquely associated with a first antenna and a

second channelization code that spreads a data field is uniquely associated with a

second antenna, as is recited in the Applicants' invention as claimed in amended

independent claims 1 and 9.

Accordingly, the Applicants' invention as claimed in amended independent

claims 1 and 9 is patentable over the Ylitalo reference.

35 U.S.C. §103(a) – Claims 2-4, 5-8, 10 and 12

The Examiner rejected claims 2-4, 5-8, 10 and 12 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as

being unpatentable over Ylitalo in view of Akiba et al. (U.S. Reference No.

6,721,300).

The Akiba reference discloses an encoding method and diversity transmitter.

As with the Ylitalo reference, there is no disclosure, teaching, or suggestion in the

Akiba reference that a data field is input into a channelization device without

having first been through a diversity encoder as is the case for the data field

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entering the first channelization device in the Applicants' claimed invention as

claimed in amended independent claim 1, and for the data field entering both the

first and second channelization devices as claimed in amended independent claim 9.

Furthermore, there is no disclosure, teaching or suggestion in the Akiba reference

that a first channelization code that spreads a data field is uniquely associated

with a first antenna and a second channelization code that spreads a data field is

uniquely associated with a second antenna, as is recited in the Applicants'

invention as claimed in amended independent claims 1 and 9.

Accordingly, the Akiba reference fails to cure the deficiencies of the Ylitalo

reference, and the Applicants' invention as claimed in amended independent claims

1 and 9 is patentable over the Ylitalo and Akiba references, whether taken alone or

in combination with one another.

Claims 2-4 depend, either directly or indirectly from the Applicants'

patentable independent claim 1 and are therefore patentable for at least the same

reasons as patentable amended independent claim 1.

Additionally, claim 2 recites "a first and second scrambling device for

scrambling said first and second spread data fields by a single scrambling code

associated with said transmitter" which is not disclosed, taught or suggested by the

Ylitalo or Akiba references taken alone or in combination with one another.

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Therefore, claim 2 is patentable for this reason as well as its dependence from

patentable amended independent claim 1.

Claim 10 depends from the Applicants' patentable independent claim 9 and is

therefore patentable for at least the same reasons as patentable amended

independent claim 9. Furthermore, claim 10 recites "a first and second scrambling

device for scrambling said first and second spread data fields by a single scrambling

code associated with said transmitter" which is not disclosed, taught or suggested

by the Ylitalo or Akiba references taken alone or in combination with one another.

Therefore, claim 10 is patentable for this reason as well as its dependence from

patentable amended independent claim 9.

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Conclusion

If the Examiner believes that any additional minor formal matters need to be

addressed in order to place this application in condition for allowance, or that a

telephone interview will help to materially advance the prosecution of this

application, the Examiner is invited to contact the Applicants' undersigned attorney

by telephone at the Examiner's convenience.

In view of the foregoing remarks and amendments, the Applicants

respectfully submit that the present application, including claims 1-4, 9, and 10, is

in condition for allowance and a notice to that effect is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

Kim et al.

By Thy A Muttoli
Thomas A. Mattioli

Registration No. 56,773

(215) 568-6400

Volpe and Koenig, P.C. United Plaza, Suite 1600 30 South 17th Street Philadelphia, PA 19103

TAM/yil